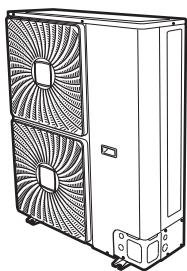




# Installation manual

## Outdoor unit for air to water heat pump



**ERHQ011BAV3  
ERHQ014BAV3  
ERHQ016BAV3**

**ERHQ011BAW1  
ERHQ014BAW1  
ERHQ016BAW1**

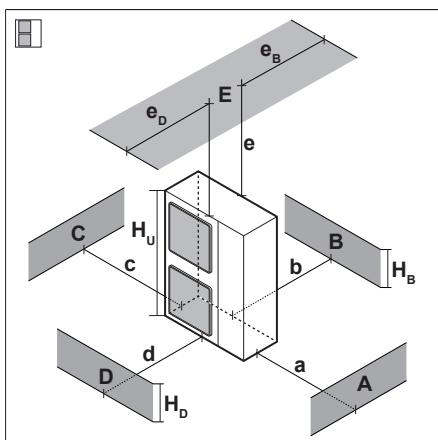
**ERLQ011CAV3  
ERLQ014CAV3  
ERLQ016CAV3**

**ERLQ011CAW1  
ERLQ014CAW1  
ERLQ016CAW1**

Installation manual  
Outdoor unit for air to water heat pump

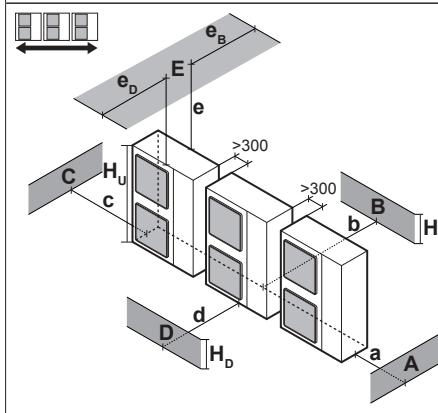
English

## ERHQ



A~E	$H_B$ $H_D$ $H_U$	(mm)						
		a	b	c	d	e	$e_B$	$e_D$
B	—			$\geq 100$				
A, B, C	—		$\geq 100$	$\geq 100$	$\geq 100$			
B, E	—			$\geq 100$			$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
A, B, C, E	—		$\geq 150$	$\geq 150$	$\geq 150$		$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
D	—					$\geq 500$		
D, E	—					$\geq 500$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
B, D	—			$\geq 100$		$\geq 500$		
B, D, E	$H_B < H_D$	$H_B \leq \frac{1}{2}H_U$		$\geq 250$		$\geq 750$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$\frac{1}{2}H_U < H_B \leq H_U$		$\geq 250$		$\geq 1000$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$H_B > H_U$						⊗
	$H_B > H_D$	$H_D \leq \frac{1}{2}H_U$		$\geq 100$		$\geq 1000$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$\frac{1}{2}H_U < H_D \leq H_U$		$\geq 200$		$\geq 1000$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$H_D > H_U$						⊗

1

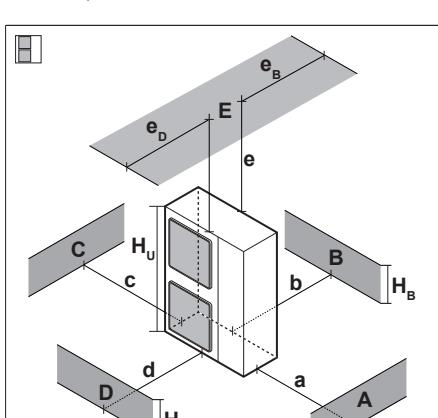


A, B, C	—		$\geq 200$	$\geq 300$	$\geq 1000$			
A, B, C, E	—		$\geq 200$	$\geq 300$	$\geq 1000$		$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
D	—					$\geq 1000$		
D, E	—					$\geq 1000$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
B, D	$H_B < H_D$	—		$\geq 300$		$\geq 1000$		
	$H_B > H_D$	$H_D \leq \frac{1}{2}H_U$		$\geq 250$		$\geq 1500$		
	$\frac{1}{2}H_U < H_D \leq H_U$		$\geq 300$		$\geq 1500$			
	$H_D > H_U$						⊗	
B, D, E	$H_B < H_D$	$H_B \leq \frac{1}{2}H_U$		$\geq 300$		$\geq 1000$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$\frac{1}{2}H_U < H_B \leq H_U$		$\geq 300$		$\geq 1250$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$H_B > H_U$						⊗
	$H_B > H_D$	$H_D \leq \frac{1}{2}H_U$		$\geq 250$		$\geq 1500$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$\frac{1}{2}H_U < H_D \leq H_U$		$\geq 300$		$\geq 1500$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$H_D > H_U$						⊗

1

1+2

## ERLQ

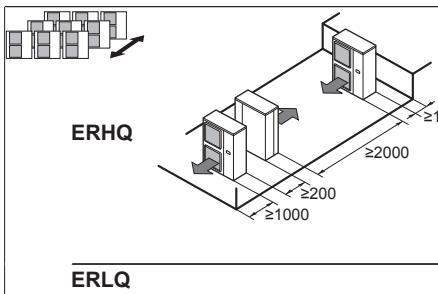


A~E	$H_B$ $H_D$ $H_U$	(mm)						
		a	b	c	d	e	$e_B$	$e_D$
B	—			$\geq 200$				
A, B, C	—		$\geq 200$	$\geq 200$	$\geq 200$			
B, E	—			$\geq 200$			$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
A, B, C, E	—		$\geq 300$	$\geq 300$	$\geq 300$		$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
D	—					$\geq 500$		
D, E	—					$\geq 500$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
B, D	—			$\geq 200$		$\geq 500$		
B, D, E	$H_B < H_D$	$H_B \leq \frac{1}{2}H_U$		$\geq 350$		$\geq 750$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$\frac{1}{2}H_U < H_B \leq H_U$		$\geq 350$		$\geq 1000$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$H_B > H_U$						⊗
	$H_B > H_D$	$H_D \leq \frac{1}{2}H_U$		$\geq 200$		$\geq 1000$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$\frac{1}{2}H_U < H_D \leq H_U$		$\geq 300$		$\geq 1000$	$\geq 1000$	$\leq 500$
		$H_D > H_U$						⊗

1



## 2



$H_B$ $H_U$	b (mm)
$H_B \leq \frac{1}{2}H_U$	$b \geq 250$
$\frac{1}{2}H_U < H_B \leq H_U$	$b \geq 300$
$H_B > H_U$	⊗

## 3



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### • Installer reference guide:

- Preparation of the installation, technical specifications, good practices, reference data,...
- Format: Digital files on <http://www.daikineurope.com/support-and-manuals/product-information/>

### • Addendum book for optional equipment:

- Additional info about how to install optional equipment
- Format: Paper (in the box of the indoor unit) + Digital files on <http://www.daikineurope.com/support-and-manuals/product-information/>

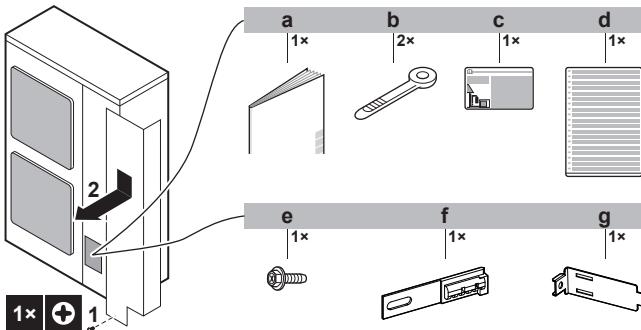
Latest revisions of the supplied documentation may be available on the regional Daikin website or via your dealer.

The original documentation is written in English. All other languages are translations.

## 2 About the box

### 2.1 Outdoor unit

#### 2.1.1 To remove the accessories from the outdoor unit



- a Outdoor unit installation manual
- b Cable tie
- c Fluorinated greenhouse gases label
- d Multilingual fluorinated greenhouse gases label
- e Screw (only for ERLQ)
- f Thermistor fixing plate (spare) (only for ERLQ)
- g Thermistor fixture (only for ERLQ)

## 1 About the documentation

### 1.1 About this document

#### Target audience

Authorised installers

#### Documentation set

This document is part of a documentation set. The complete set consists of:

##### ▪ General safety precautions:

- Safety instructions that you must read before installing
- Format: Paper (in the box of the indoor unit)

##### ▪ Indoor unit installation manual:

- Installation instructions
- Format: Paper (in the box of the indoor unit)

##### ▪ Outdoor unit installation manual:

- Installation instructions
- Format: Paper (in the box of the outdoor unit)

## 3 Preparation

### 3.1 Preparing installation site

#### 3.1.1 Installation site requirements of the outdoor unit

Mind the spacing guidelines. See the "Technical data" chapter, and the figures on the inside of the front cover.

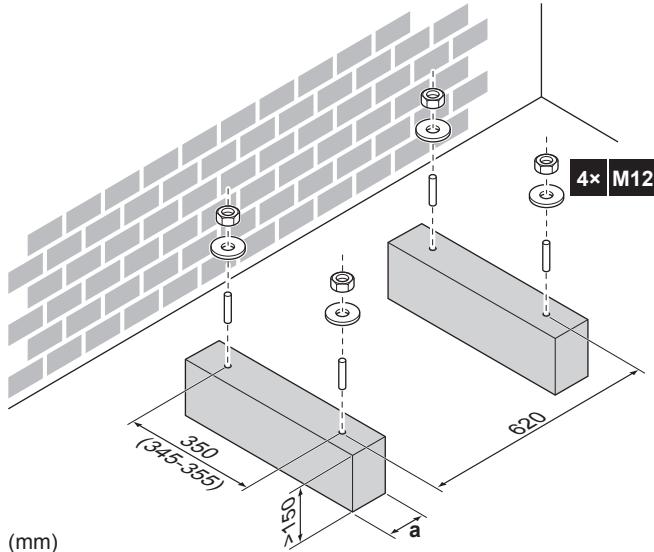
The outdoor unit is designed for outdoor installation only, and for ambient temperatures ranging 10~43°C in cooling mode and -25~25°C in heating mode.

## 4 Installation

### 4.1 Mounting the outdoor unit

#### 4.1.1 To provide the installation structure

Prepare 4 sets of anchor bolts, nuts and washers (field supply) as follows:

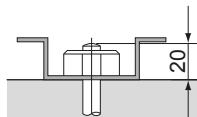


a Make sure not to cover the drain holes.



#### INFORMATION

The recommended height of the upper protruding part of the bolts is 20 mm.

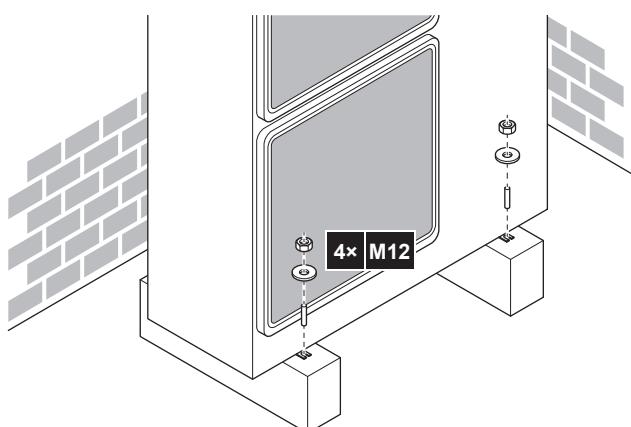


#### NOTICE

Fix the outdoor unit to the foundation bolts using nuts with resin washers (a). If the coating on the fastening area is stripped off, the nuts rust easily.



#### 4.1.2 To install the outdoor unit



#### 4.1.3 To provide drainage

Make sure that condensation water can be evacuated properly.



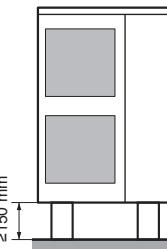
#### INFORMATION

You can use the optional drain plug kit (EKDK04) (only for ERHQ).



#### NOTICE

If drain holes of the outdoor unit are covered by a mounting base or by floor surface, raise the unit to provide a free space of more than 150 mm under the outdoor unit.



#### Drain holes

Model	Bottom view (mm)
ERHQ_V3	
ERHQ_W1	
ERLQ	

a Discharge side

b Drain holes

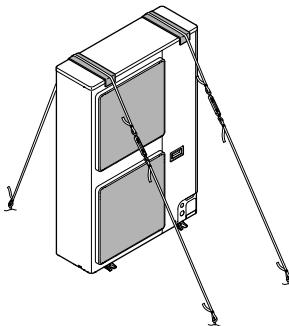
c Knockout hole (piping intake - downwards route)

d Anchor points

#### 4.1.4 To prevent the outdoor unit from falling over

- 1 Prepare 2 cables as indicated in the following illustration (field supply).
- 2 Place the 2 cables over the outdoor unit.
- 3 Insert a rubber sheet between the cables and the outdoor unit to prevent the cable from scratching the paint (field supply).
- 4 Attach the cable's ends. Tighten those ends.

## 4 Installation



### 4.2 Connecting the refrigerant piping

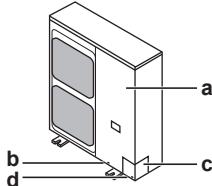


DANGER: RISK OF BURNING

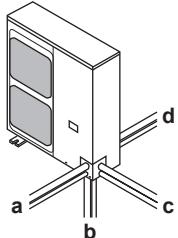
#### 4.2.1 To connect the refrigerant piping to the outdoor unit

1 Do the following:

- Remove the service cover (a) with screw (b).
- Remove the piping intake plate (c) with screw (d).

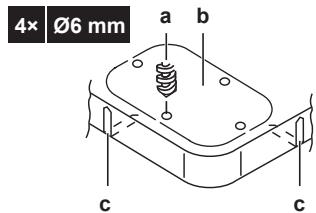


2 Choose a piping route (a, b, c or d).



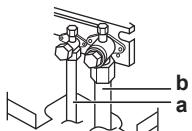
3 If you have chosen the downwards piping route:

- Drill (a, 4x) and remove the knockout hole (b).
- Cut out the slits (c) with a metal saw.



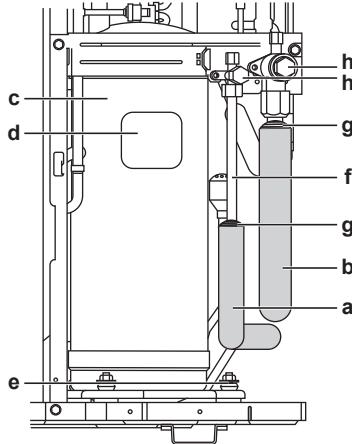
4 Do the following:

- Connect the liquid pipe (a) to the liquid stop valve.
- Connect the gas pipe (b) to the gas stop valve.



5 Do the following:

- Insulate the liquid piping (a) and the gas piping (b).
- Make sure the piping and piping insulation do NOT touch the compressor (c), the compressor terminal cover (d), and the compressor bolts (e). If the liquid pipe insulation might touch the compressor terminal cover, adjust the height of the insulation (f=no insulation around the compressor terminal cover (d)).
- Seal the insulation ends (sealant etc.) (g).



- 6 If the outdoor unit is installed above the indoor unit, cover the stop valves (h, see above) with sealing material to prevent condensed water on the stop valves from moving to the indoor unit.

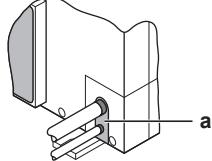


#### NOTICE

Any exposed piping might cause condensation.

7 Reattach the service cover and the piping intake plate.

8 Seal all gaps (example: a) to prevent snow and small animals from entering the system.



#### WARNING

Provide adequate measures to prevent that the unit can be used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals that make contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke or fire.



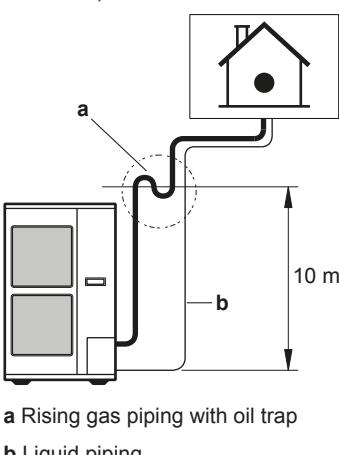
#### NOTICE

Make sure to open the stop valves after installing the refrigerant piping and performing vacuum drying. Running the system with the stop valves closed may break the compressor.

#### 4.2.2 To determine if oil traps are required

If oil flows back into the outdoor unit's compressor, this might cause liquid compression or deterioration of oil return. Oil traps in the rising gas piping can prevent this.

If	Then
The indoor unit is installed higher than the outdoor unit	Install an oil trap every 10 m (height difference).
The outdoor unit is installed higher than the indoor unit	Oil traps are NOT required.



## 4.3 Checking the refrigerant piping

### 4.3.1 To check for leaks



#### NOTICE

Do NOT exceed the unit's maximum working pressure (see "PS High" on the unit name plate).



#### NOTICE

Make sure to use a recommended bubble test solution from your wholesaler. Do not use soap water, which may cause cracking of flare nuts (soap water may contain salt, which absorbs moisture that will freeze when the piping gets cold), and/or lead to corrosion of flared joints (soap water may contain ammonia which causes a corrosive effect between the brass flare nut and the copper flare).

- 1 Charge the system with nitrogen gas up to a gauge pressure of at least 200 kPa (2 bar). It is recommended to pressurize to 3000 kPa (30 bar) in order to detect small leaks.
- 2 Check for leaks by applying the bubble test solution to all connections.
- 3 Discharge all nitrogen gas.

### 4.3.2 To perform vacuum drying

- 1 Vacuum the system until the pressure on the manifold indicates -0.1 MPa (-1 bar).
- 2 Leave as is for 4-5 minutes and check the pressure:

If the pressure...	Then...
Does not change	There is no moisture in the system. This procedure is finished.
Increases	There is moisture in the system. Go to the next step.

- 3 Evacuate for at least 2 hours to a pressure on the manifold of -0.1 MPa (-1 bar).
- 4 After turning OFF the pump, check the pressure for at least 1 hour.
- 5 If you do NOT reach the target vacuum or cannot maintain the vacuum for 1 hour, do the following:

- Check for leaks again.
- Perform vacuum drying again.



#### NOTICE

Make sure to open the stop valves after installing the refrigerant piping and performing vacuum drying. Running the system with the stop valves closed may break the compressor.

## 4.4 Charging refrigerant

### 4.4.1 To determine the additional refrigerant amount

If the total liquid piping length is...	Then...
≤10 m	Do NOT add additional refrigerant.
>10 m	R=(total length (m) of liquid piping-10 m)×0.054 R=Additional charge (kg)(rounded in units of 0.1 kg)



#### INFORMATION

Piping length is the one way length of liquid piping.

### 4.4.2 To charge refrigerant



#### WARNING

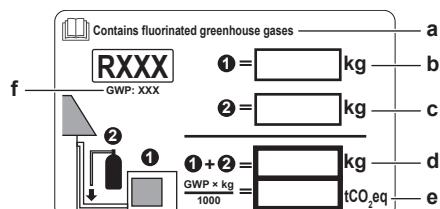
- Only use R410A as refrigerant. Other substances may cause explosions and accidents.
- R410A contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. Its global warming potential (GWP) value is 2087.5. Do NOT vent these gases into the atmosphere.
- When charging refrigerant, always use protective gloves and safety glasses.

**Prerequisite:** Before charging refrigerant, make sure the refrigerant piping is connected and checked (leak test and vacuum drying).

- 1 Connect the refrigerant cylinder to both the service port of the gas stop valve and the service port of the liquid stop valve.
- 2 Charge the additional refrigerant amount.
- 3 Open the stop valves.

### 4.4.3 To fix the fluorinated greenhouse gases label

- 1 Fill in the label as follows:



a If a multilingual fluorinated greenhouse gases label is delivered with the unit (see accessories), peel off the applicable language and stick it on top of a.

b Factory refrigerant charge: see unit name plate

c Additional refrigerant amount charged

d Total refrigerant charge

e Greenhouse gas emissions of the total refrigerant charge expressed as tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>-equivalent

f GWP = Global warming potential

## 4 Installation



### NOTICE

In Europe, the **greenhouse gas emissions** of the total refrigerant charge in the system (expressed as tonnes CO<sub>2</sub>-equivalent) is used to determine the maintenance intervals. Follow the applicable legislation.

**Formula to calculate the greenhouse gas emissions:**  
GWP value of the refrigerant × Total refrigerant charge [in kg] / 1000

- 2 Fix the label on the inside of the outdoor unit near the gas and liquid stop valves.

## 4.5 Connecting the electrical wiring



### DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



### WARNING

ALWAYS use multicore cable for power supply cables.



### NOTICE

For applications with preferential kWh rate power supply:

The interruption of the outdoor unit power supply may not be more than 2 hours to guarantee optimised startup conditions for the compressor.

### 4.5.1 About electrical compliance

#### ERHQ\_V3

Equipment complying with EN/IEC 61000-3-12 (European/International Technical Standard setting the limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current >16 A and ≤75 A per phase.).

#### ERLQ\_V3

Equipment complying with:

- **EN/IEC 61000-3-11** provided that the system impedance  $Z_{sys}$  is less than or equal to  $Z_{max}$  at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system.
  - EN/IEC 61000-3-11 = European/International Technical Standard setting the limits for voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public low-voltage supply systems for equipment with rated current ≤75 A.
  - It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a system impedance  $Z_{sys}$  less than or equal to  $Z_{max}$ .
- **EN/IEC 61000-3-12** provided that the short-circuit power  $S_{sc}$  is greater than or equal to the minimum  $S_{sc}$  value at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system.
  - EN/IEC 61000-3-12 = European/International Technical Standard setting the limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current >16 A and ≤75 A per phase.
  - It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a short-circuit power  $S_{sc}$  greater than or equal to the minimum  $S_{sc}$  value.

Model	$Z_{max}$	Minimum $S_{sc}$ value
ERLQ011CAV3	0.22 Ω	525 kVA
ERLQ014CAV3		
ERLQ016CAV3		

#### ERLQ\_W1

Equipment complying with EN/IEC 61000-3-12 (European/International Technical Standard setting the limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current >16 A and ≤75 A per phase.).

### 4.5.2 Specifications of standard wiring components

Component	V3		W1	
	ERHQ	ERLQ	ERHQ	ERLQ
Power supply cable	MCA <sup>(a)</sup>	31.9 A	34.2 A	13.5 A
	Voltage	230 V		400 V
	Phase		1~	3N~
	Frequency			50 Hz
	Wire sizes	Must comply with applicable legislation		
Interconnection cable	Minimum cable section of 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> and applicable for 230 V			
Recommended field fuse	32 A	40 A	20 A	
Earth leakage circuit breaker	Must comply with applicable legislation			

(a) MCA=Minimum circuit ampacity. Stated values are maximum values (see electrical data of combination with indoor units for exact values).

### 4.5.3 To connect the electrical wiring on the outdoor unit

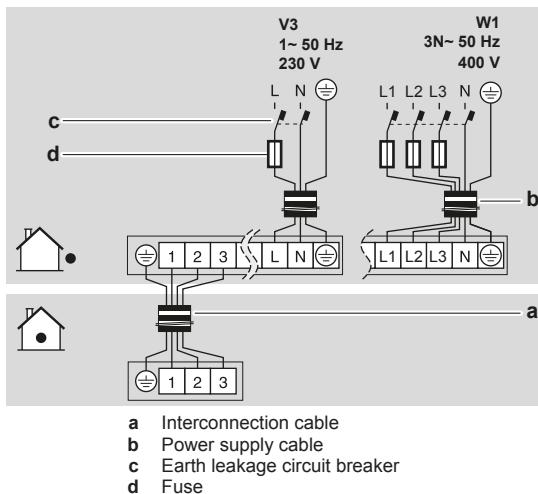


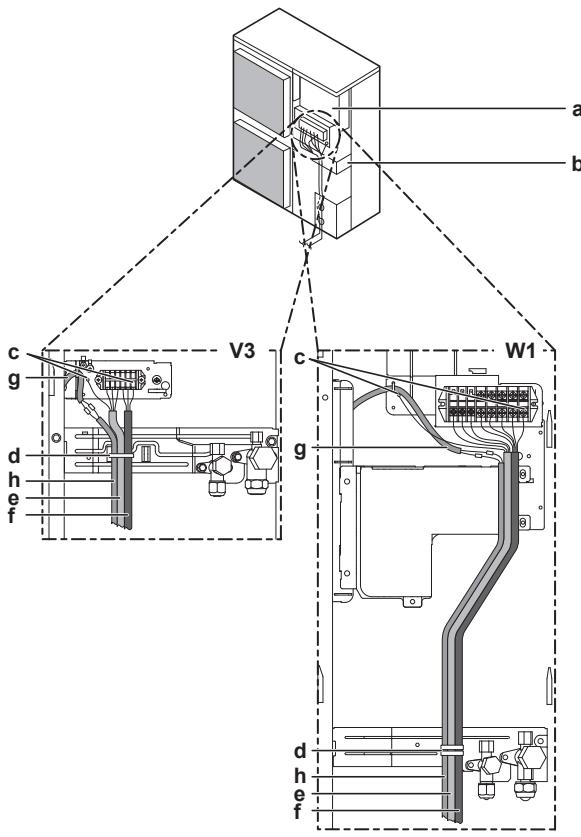
### NOTICE

- Follow the wiring diagram (delivered with the unit, located at the inside of the service cover).
- Make sure the electrical wiring does NOT obstruct proper reattachment of the service cover.

- 1 Remove the service cover.

- 2 Connect the interconnection cable and power supply as follows:





- a Switch box  
 b Stop valve attachment plate  
 c Earth  
 d Cable tie  
 e Interconnection cable  
 f Power supply cable  
 g Bottom plate heater cable  
 h Power supply cable of the bottom plate heater (from the indoor unit)

Only if bottom plate heater is installed (option for ERHQ):

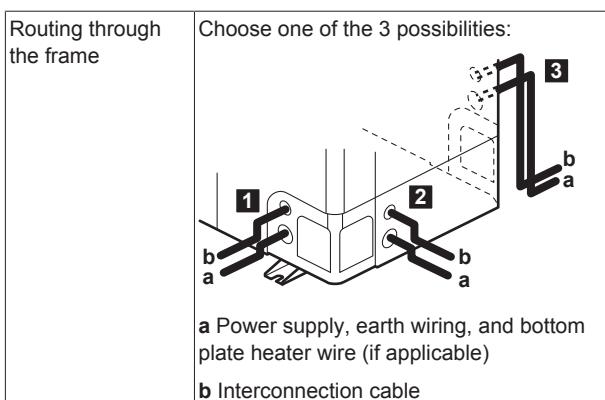
- g Bottom plate heater cable  
 h Power supply cable of the bottom plate heater (from the indoor unit)



#### INFORMATION

ERLQ units control the bottom plate heater internally (field wiring NOT required).

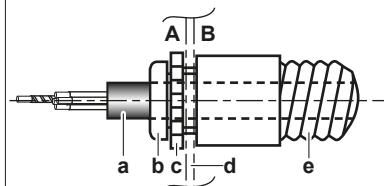
- 3 Fix the cables (power supply, interconnection cable and power supply of the bottom plate heater (if applicable)) with a cable tie to the stop valve attachment plate.
- 4 Route the wiring through the frame and connect it to it.



#### Connecting to the frame

When cables are routed from the unit, a protection sleeve for the conduits (PG insertions) can be inserted at the knockout hole.

When you do not use a wire conduit, protect the wires with vinyl tubes to prevent the edge of the knockout hole from cutting the wires.



**A** Inside of the outdoor unit

**B** Outside of the outdoor unit

**a** Wire

**b** Bush

**c** Nut

**d** Frame

**e** Hose

5 Reattach the service cover.

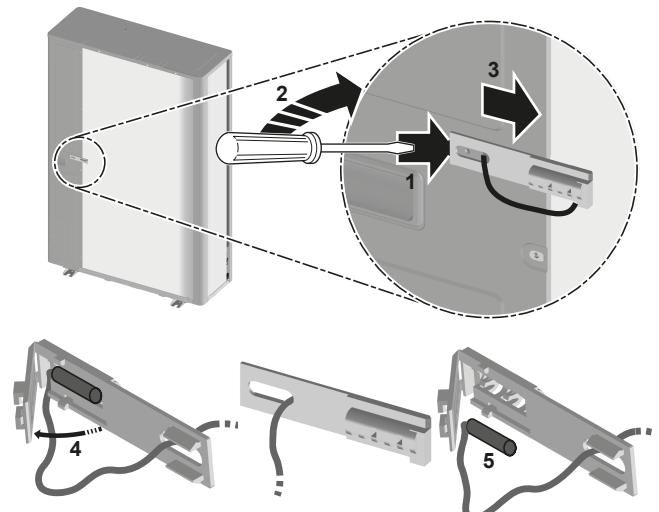
6 Connect an earth leakage circuit breaker and fuse to the power supply line.

#### 4.5.4 To reposition the air thermistor on the outdoor unit

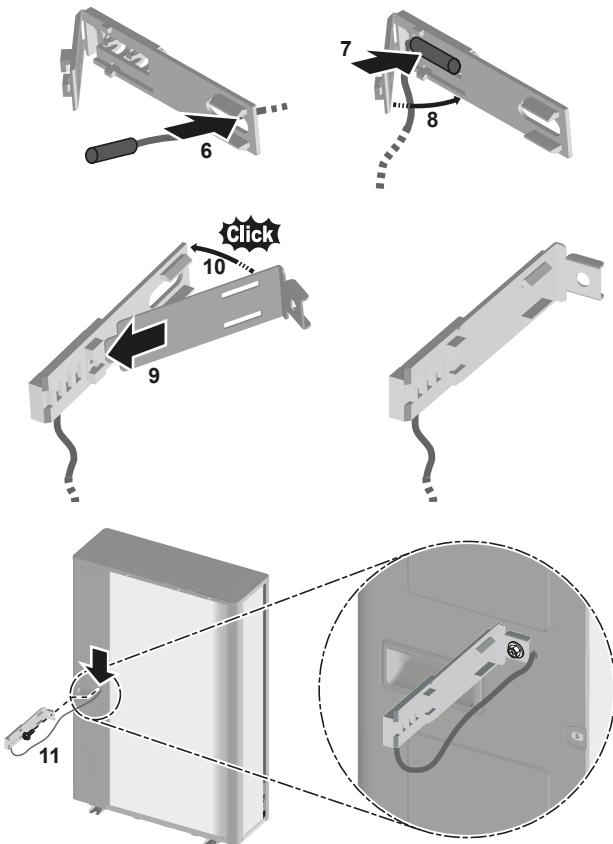
This task is only required for ERLQ.

Required accessories:

	Thermistor fixture. Use the one from the accessory bag.
	Thermistor fixing plate. Reuse the one attached to the unit. If necessary, you can use the spare one from the accessory bag.



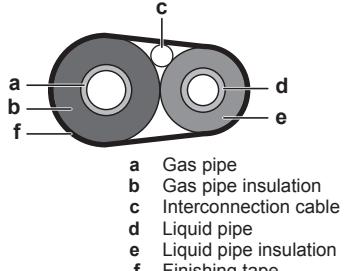
## 5 Starting up the outdoor unit



## 4.6 Finishing the outdoor unit installation

### 4.6.1 To finish the outdoor unit installation

- 1 Insulate and fix the refrigerant piping and interconnection cable as follows:



- 2 Install the service cover.

## 5 Starting up the outdoor unit

See the indoor unit installation manual for configuration and commissioning of the system.

## 6 Technical data

Latest information can be found in the technical engineering data.

### 6.1 Service space: Outdoor unit

Single unit ( ) | Single row of units ( )

ERHQ:

See figure 1 on the inside of the front cover.

A,B,C,D	Obstacles (walls/baffle plates)
E	Obstacle (roof)
a,b,c,d,e	Minimum service space between the unit and obstacles A, B, C, D and E
e <sub>B</sub>	Maximum distance between the unit and the edge of obstacle E, in the direction of obstacle B
e <sub>D</sub>	Maximum distance between the unit and the edge of obstacle E, in the direction of obstacle D
H <sub>U</sub>	Height of the unit
H <sub>B</sub> ,H <sub>D</sub>	Height of obstacles B and D
1	Seal the bottom of the installation frame to prevent discharged air from flowing back to the suction side through the bottom of the unit.
2	Maximum two units can be installed.
Not allowed	

ERLQ:

See figure 2 on the inside of the front cover.

A,B,C,D	Obstacles (walls/baffle plates)
E	Obstacle (roof)
a,b,c,d,e	Minimum service space between the unit and obstacles A, B, C, D and E
e <sub>B</sub>	Maximum distance between the unit and the edge of obstacle E, in the direction of obstacle B
e <sub>D</sub>	Maximum distance between the unit and the edge of obstacle E, in the direction of obstacle D
H <sub>U</sub>	Height of the unit
H <sub>B</sub> ,H <sub>D</sub>	Height of obstacles B and D
1	Recommended to prevent exposure to wind and snow.
Not allowed	

Multiple rows of units ( )

See figure 3 on the inside of the front cover.

## 6.2 Wiring diagram

### 6.2.1 Wiring diagram: Outdoor unit

The wiring diagram is delivered with the unit, located at the inside of the service cover.

#### Notes:

- 1 This wiring diagram applies only to the outdoor unit.
- 2 Symbols (see below).
- 3 Symbols (see below).
- 4 Refer to the option manual for connecting wiring to X6A and X77A.
- 5 Refer to the wiring diagram sticker (on the back of the service cover) for how to use the BS1~BS4 and DS1 switches.
- 6 When operating, do not short-circuit protective device S1PH.
- 7 Colours (see below).
- 8 Refer to the service manual for instructions on how to set the selector switches (DS1). The factory setting of all switches is OFF.
- 9 Symbols (see below).

#### Symbols:

L	Live
N	Neutral
	Field wiring
	Terminal strip
	Connector
	Connector
	Connection
	Protective earth (screw)
	Noiseless earth
	Terminal
	Option
	Wiring dependent on model

#### Colours:

BLK	Black
BLU	Blue
BRN	Brown
GRN	Green
ORG	Orange
RED	Red
WHT	White
YLW	Yellow

#### Legend:

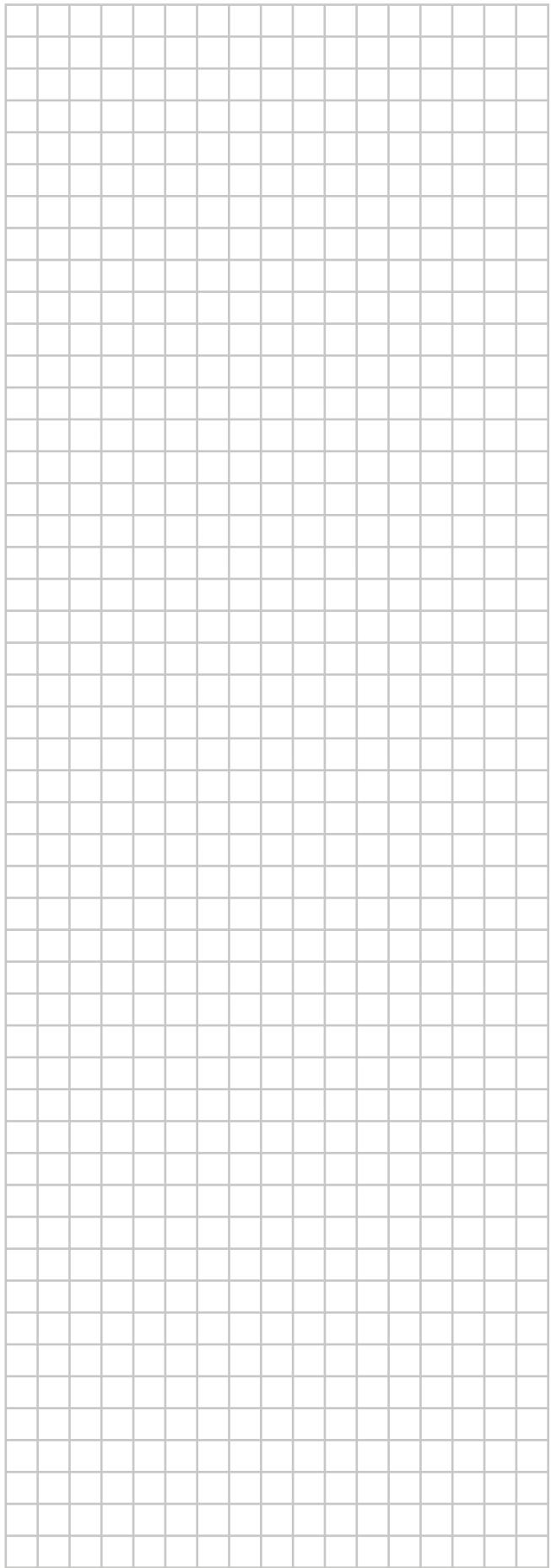
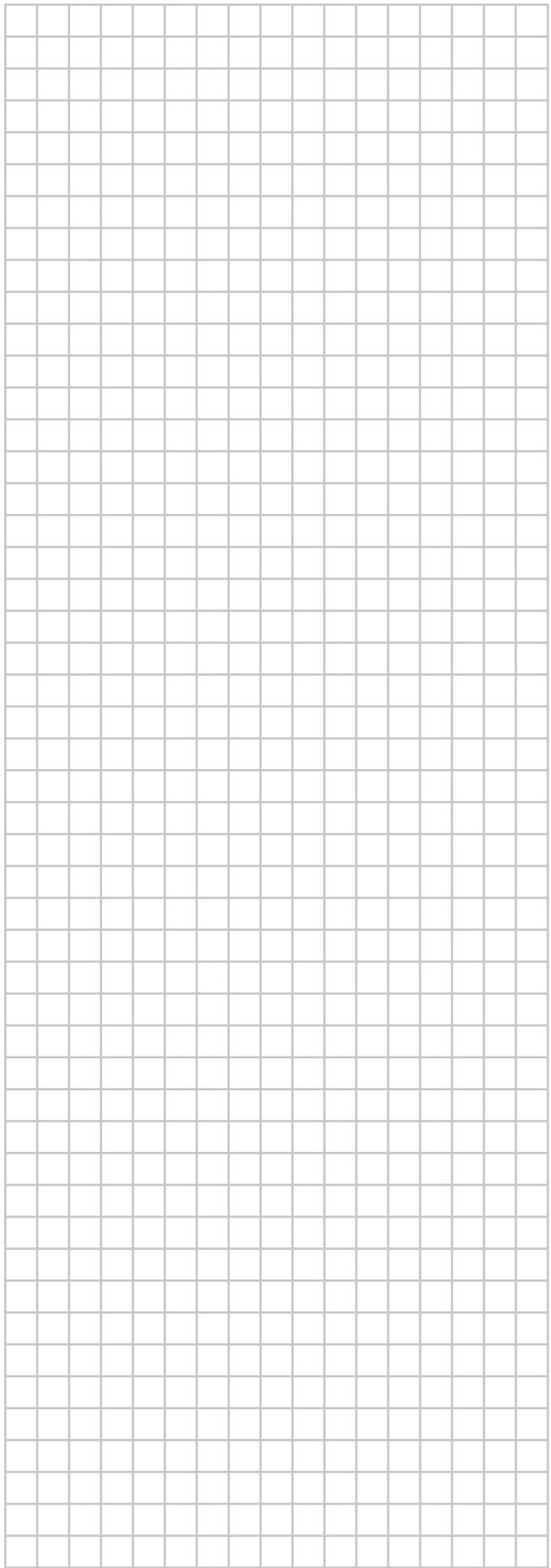
A1P~A4P	Printed circuit board
BS1~BS4	Push button switch
C1~C4	Capacitor
DS1	DIP switch
E1H	Bottom plate heater
E1HC	Crankcase heater
F1U~F8U (ERHQ_V3 + ERLQ_V3)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ F1U, F3U, F4U: Fuse (T 6.3 A / 250 V)</li> <li>▪ F6U: Fuse (T 5.0 A / 250 V)</li> <li>▪ F7U, F8U: Fuse (F 1.0 A / 250 V)</li> </ul>

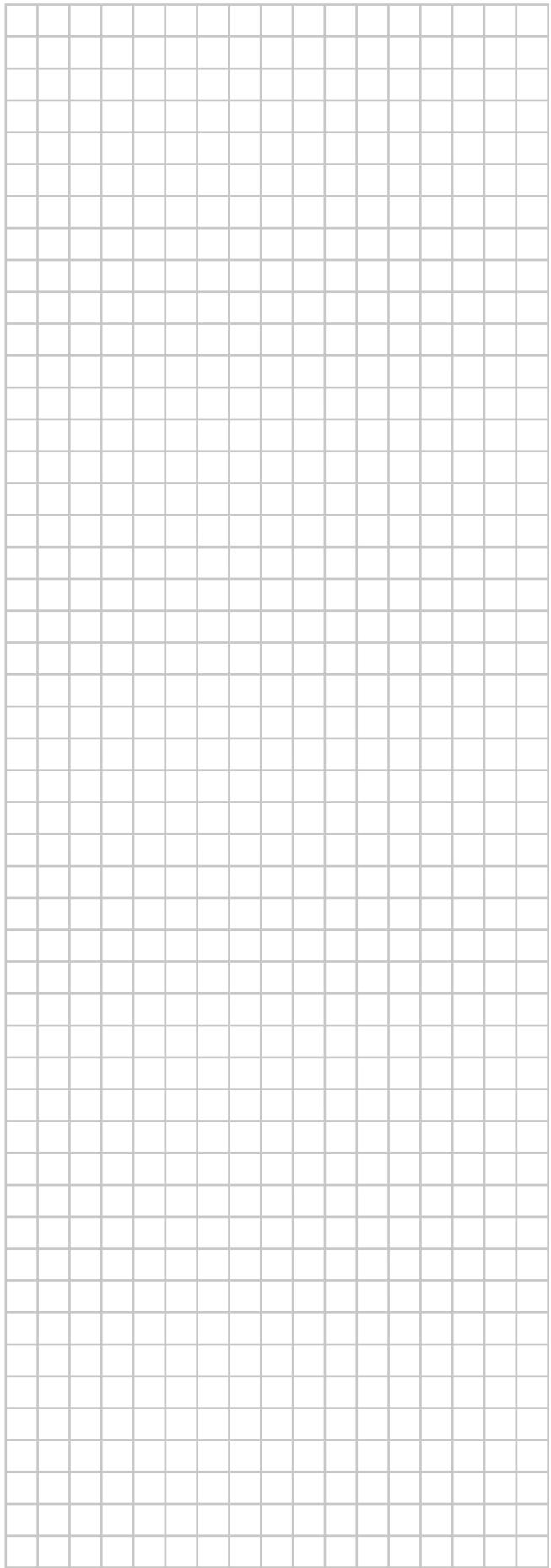
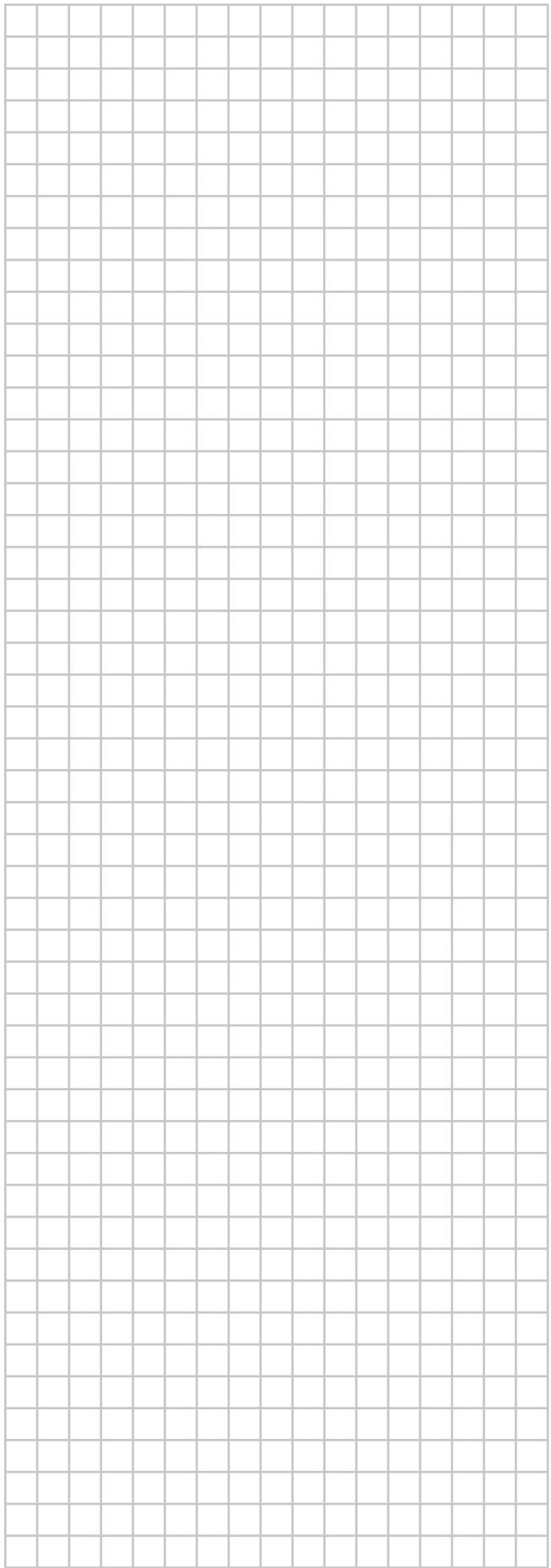
F1U~F9U (ERHQ_W1 + ERLQ_W1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ F1U, F2U: Fuse (31.5 A / 500 V)</li> <li>▪ F3U~F6U: Fuse (T 6.3 A / 250 V)</li> <li>▪ F7U: Fuse (T 5.0 A / 250 V)</li> <li>▪ F8U, F9U: Fuse (F 1.0 A / 250 V)</li> </ul>
H1P~H7P (A2P) (ERHQ_V3 + ERLQ_V3)	Light-emitting diode (service monitor orange)
H2P:	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Prepare, test: Flickering</li> <li>▪ Malfunction detection: Light up</li> </ul>
H1P~H7P (A1P) (ERHQ_W1 + ERLQ_W1)	Light-emitting diode (service monitor orange)
HAP (A1P) (ERHQ_V3 + ERLQ_V3)	Light-emitting diode (service monitor green)
HAP (A1P, A2P) (ERHQ_W1 + ERLQ_W1)	Light-emitting diode (service monitor green)
K1M, K2M (ERHQ_W1 + ERLQ_W1)	Magnetic contactor
K1R~K4R	Magnetic relay
K10R, K11R (ERHQ_V3 + ERLQ_V3)	Magnetic relay
L1R~L4R	Reactor
M1C	Motor (compressor)
M1F	Motor (upper fan)
M2F	Motor (lower fan)
PS	Switching power supply
Q1DI	Earth leakage circuit breaker (field supply)
R1~R4	Resistor
R1T	Thermistor (air)
R2T	Thermistor (discharge)
R3T	Thermistor (suction)
R4T	Thermistor (heat exchanger)
R5T	Thermistor (heat exchanger middle)
R6T	Thermistor (liquid)
R7T (ERHQ_W1 + ERLQ_W1)	Thermistor (fin)
R10T (ERHQ_V3 + ERLQ_V3)	Thermistor (fin)
RC	Signal receiver circuit
S1NPH (ERHQ_V3 + ERLQ_V3)	Pressure sensor
S1PH	High pressure switch
TC	Signal transmission circuit
	(ERHQ_V3 + ERLQ_V3)
V1R	Power module
	(ERHQ_V3 + ERLQ_V3)
V1R, V2R	Power module
	(ERHQ_W1 + ERLQ_W1)
V2R, V3R	Diode module
	(ERHQ_V3 + ERLQ_V3)
V3R	Diode module
	(ERHQ_W1 + ERLQ_W1)

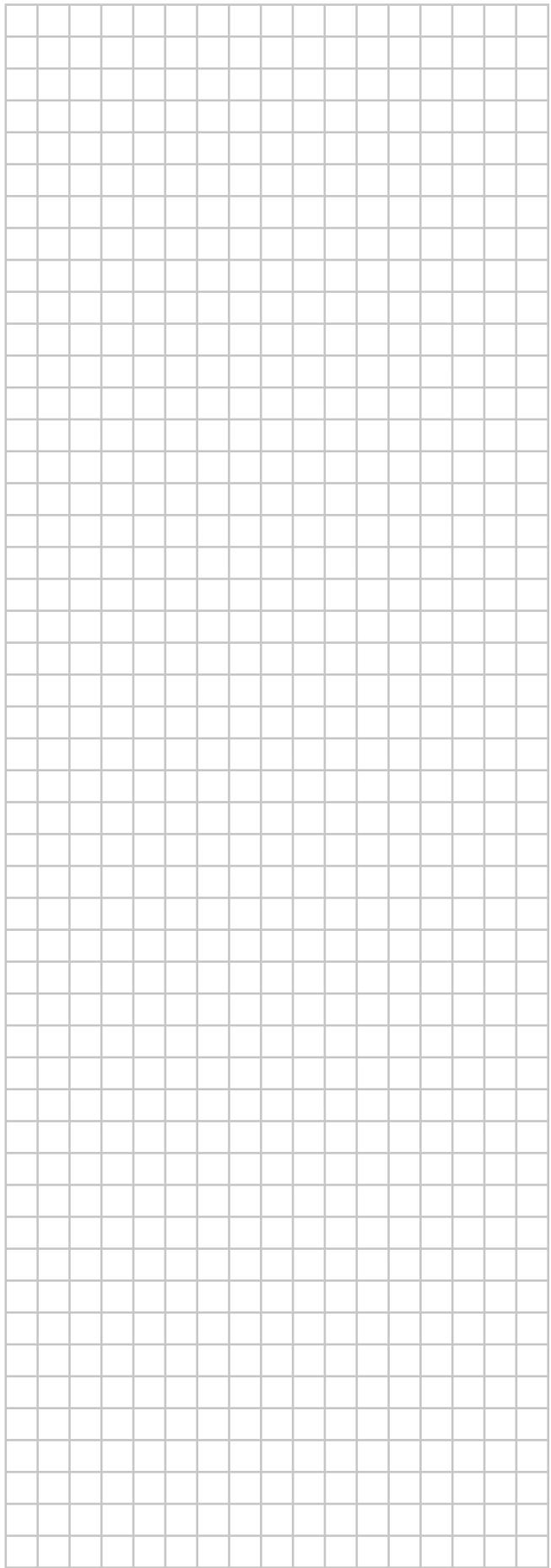
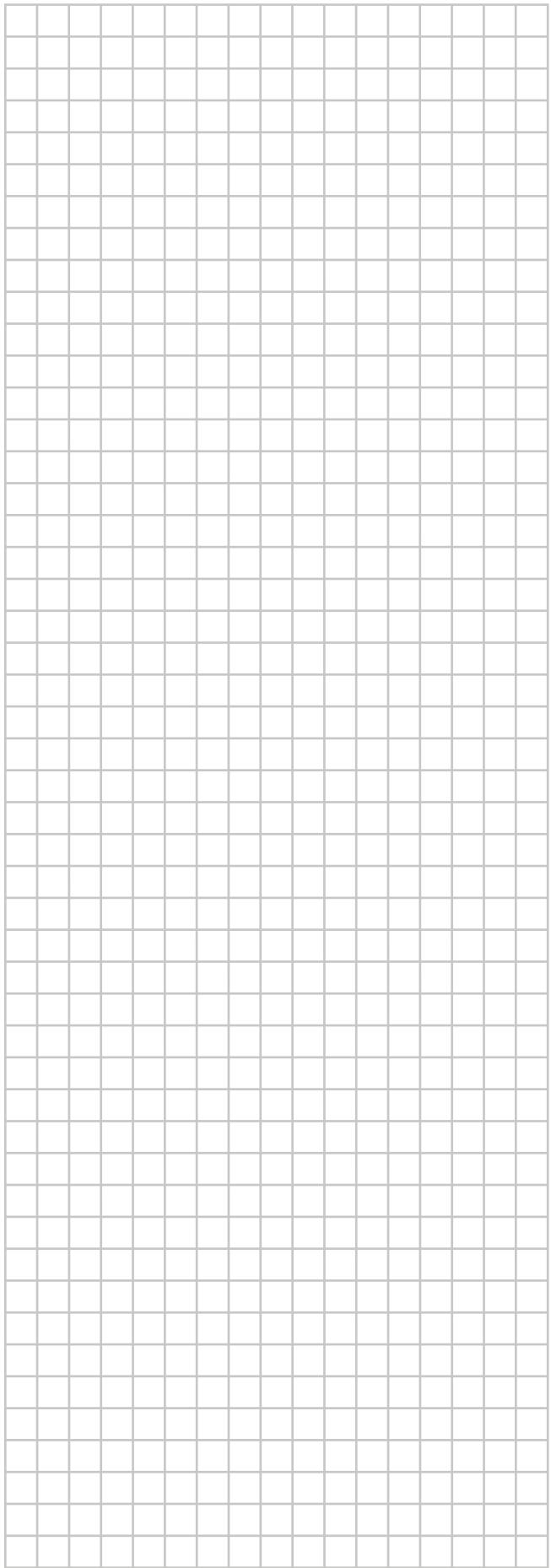
## 6 Technical data

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V1T	Insulated gate bipolar transistor (IGBT)
(ERHQ_V3 + ERLQ_V3)	
X1M	Terminal strip (power supply)
X1Y	Connector (option for ERHQ: bottom plate heater)
X6A	Connector (option)
X77A	Connector (option)
(ERHQ_W1 + ERLQ_W1)	
Y1E	Expansion valve (main)
Y3E	Expansion valve (injection)
(ERLQ)	
Y1S	Solenoid valve (4-way valve)
Y3S	Solenoid valve (injection)
(ERHQ_W1)	
Y3S	Solenoid valve (hot gas pass)
(ERLQ)	
Z1C~Z9C	Noise filter
Z1F~Z4F	Noise filter







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